# PRODUCT DATA SHEET NC-SMQ92H

# Solder Paste

#### Introduction

NC-SMQ92H is a halogen-free, air reflow, no-clean solder paste formulated for low flux spatter. It provides consistent fine-pitch paste deposition, and excellent stencil life and tack time. NC-SMQ92H has a hard flux residue and can accommodate reflow temperatures higher than typically required for many Pb-containing alloys. NC-SMQ92H meets or surpasses all ANSI/J-STD-004, -005 specifications and Bellcore test criteria.

#### **Features**

- Compatibility with common conformal coatings
- · Clear, benign residue
- · Superior stencil life
- · Exceptional wetting in air reflow
- · Outstanding print characteristics
- · Halogen-free

#### **Alloys**

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of SnPb and SnPbAg in the industry standard Type 3 mesh size. Other, non-standard, mesh sizes are available upon request. The weight ratio of the flux/vehicle to the solder powder is referred to as the metal load and is typically in the range of 84–92% for standard alloy compositions.

# **Standard Product Specifications**

Alloy	Metal Load		Mesh Size
Sn63 & Sn62	Printing 90%	Dispensing 85%	Type 3 -325/+500
	89.5%	84%	Type 4 -400/635

# **Storage and Handling Procedures**

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life	
<10°C	6 months	

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least two hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

#### **Packaging**

Standard packaging for stencil printing applications includes 4 oz. jars and 6 oz. or 12 oz. cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. For dispensing applications, 10cc and 30cc syringes are standard. Other packaging options are available on request.

## **Compatible Products**

• Rework Flux: PoP Flux 8.9HF-LV, TACFlux®018

• Cored Wire: CW-807

• Wave Flux: WF-9945, WF-9955, FP-500, NC-771

Note: Other products may be applicable. Please consult one of Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers.

## **Safety Data Sheets**

Please refer to the SDS document within the product shipment, or contact our local team to receive a copy.

#### **Bellcore and J-STD Tests and Results**

Test	Result	Test	Result	
J-STD-004 (IPC-TM-650)		J-STD-005 (IPC-TM-650)		
Flux Type Classification	ROL0	/		
Flux Induced Corrosion (Copper Mirror)	Pass	(Sn63, 90%, Type 3) Malcom (10rpm)	1,400 Poise	
Presence of Halide Fluoride Spot Test	Pass	Typical Thixotropic Index; SSF (ICA Test)	-0.75	
Elemental Analysis (Br, Cl, F)	0%	Slump Test	Pass	
Post Reflow Flux Residue (ICA Test)	46% Solder Ball Test		Pass	
Corrosion	Pass	Typical Tackiness	32 grams	
SIR	Pass		Pass	
Acid Value 128		BELLCORE GR-78		
All information is for reference only. Not to be used as incoming product specifications.		SIR	Pass	
		Flectromigration	Pass	



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# **Printing**

#### Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The "home plate" design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process dependent (5–15% is common).
- For adequate release of solder paste from stencil apertures, a minimum aspect ratio of 1.5 is suggested. The aspect ratio is defined as the width of the aperture divided by the thickness of the stencil.

Printer Operation				
Solder Paste Bead Size	~20–25mm in diameter			
Print Speed	25-100mm/second			
Squeegee Pressure	0.018-0.027Kg/mm of blade length			
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 10–25 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached			
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length/ ~45-60 degrees			
Separation Speed	5-20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer's specifications			
Solder Paste Stencil Life	>12 hrs. (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)			

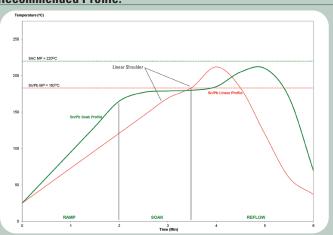
#### **Cleaning**

**NC-SMQ92H** is designed for no-clean applications. However, the flux can be removed if necessary by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

Stencil cleaning is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available non-water-based stencil cleaners work well.

#### **Reflow**

#### **Recommended Profile:**



The stated profile applies to Sn63 and Sn62 alloys. This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using **NC-SM092H** solder paste. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with the linear profile, then move to the optional soak profile, if needed. The flat soak portion of the linear profile (linear shoulder) may also be eliminated.

Reflow Profile Details	Parameters		Comments	
Reliow Profile Details	SnPb			
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	0.5–1°C/Second Recommended	0.5–2.5°C/Second Acceptable	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump	
Soak Zone Profile (Optional)	30-90 Seconds Recommended	30–120 Seconds Acceptable	- May minimize BGA/CSP voiding	
	140-150°C/Recommended	130-170°C/Acceptable		
Time Above Liquidus (TAL)	45-60 Seconds Recommended	30–100 Seconds Acceptable	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint As measured with thermocouple	
Peak Temperature	220-230°C/Recommended	195-233°C/Acceptable		
Cooling Ramp Rate	2-6°C/Second Recommended	0.5-6°C/Second Acceptable	Rapid cooling promotes fine grain structure	
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N <sub>2</sub>		$\rm N_2$ typically preferred for small components	

Note: All parameters are for reference only. Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

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All of Indium Corporation's solder paste and preform manufacturing facilities are IATF 16949:2016 certified. Indium Corporation is an ISO 9001:2015 registered company.

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Learn more: www.indium.com



