# PRODUCT DATA SHEET Indium8.9HF1

# Pb-Free Solder Paste

#### Introduction

Indium8.9HF1 is an air reflow, no-clean solder paste. Indium8.9HF1 offers unprecedented stencil print transfer efficiency to work in the broadest range of processes. In addition, the high probe testability of Indium8.9HF1 minimizes false failures in ICT.

#### **Features**

- High oxidation barrier to eliminate graping and HIP defects
- Highly probe-testable flux residue
- Halogen-free per EN14582 test method
- Excellent print transfer efficiency on 0.4mm pitch CSPs

#### **Alloys**

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of a variety of Pb-free alloys that cover a broad range of melting temperatures. This document covers Type 3 and Type 4 powder as standard offerings with SAC alloys. The metal percent is the weight percent of the solder powder in the solder paste and is dependent upon the powder type and application. Standard product offerings are detailed in the following table.

## **Standard Product Specifications**

Alloy	Metal Load (Powder)
96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu (SAC305)	88.00% (Type 5-MC)
	88.25% (Type 4.5)
	88.25% (Type 4)
	88.50% (Type 3)

Industry Standard Test Results and Classification					
Flux Classification	ROL0	Typical Solder Paste Viscosity for SAC305 T4 (Poise)	1,300		
Based on the testing required by IPC J-Standard-004B		Conforms with all			
Halogen-free per IEC 61249-2-21, Test Method EN14582	<900ppm CI <900ppm Br <1,500ppm Total	requirements from IPC J-Standard-005A.			

All information is for reference only.

Not to be used as incoming product specifications.

#### **Compatible Products**

• Rework Flux: TACFlux® 089HF, TACFlux® 020B-RC

• Cored Wire: CW-807

• Wave Flux: WF-9945, WF-9958

Note: Other products may be applicable.

Please consult one of Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers.

## **Storage and Handling Procedures**

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life
<10°C	6 months

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least 2 hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening. If needed, unopened containers can be stored for up to 7 days at <25°C.

#### **Packaging**

Indium8.9HF1 is currently available in 500g jars or 600g cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. Alternate packaging options may be available upon request.

## **Technical Support**

Indium Corporation's internationally experienced engineers provide in-depth technical assistance to our customers. Thoroughly knowledgeable in all facets of Material Science as it applies to the electronics and semiconductor sectors, Technical Support Engineers provide expert advice in solder preforms, wire, ribbon, and paste. Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers provide rapid response to all technical inquiries.

#### **Safety Data Sheets**

Please refer to the SDS document within the product shipment, or contact our local team to receive a copy.



#### PRODUCT DATA SHEET

# **Indium8.9HF1 Pb-Free Solder Paste**

#### **Printing**

#### Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components—A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The "home plate" design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components—A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process dependent (5–15% is common).
- For optimum transfer efficiency and release of the solder paste from the stencil apertures, industry standard aperture and aspect ratios should be adhered to.

# **Recommended Printer Operation**

Solder Paste Bead Size	~20–25mm in diameter	
Print Speed	25-100mm/second	
Squeegee Pressure	0.018-0.027kg/mm of blade length	
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 5 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached	
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length/~60 degrees	
Separation Speed	5-20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer's specifications	
Solder Paste Stencil Life	>12 hours (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)	

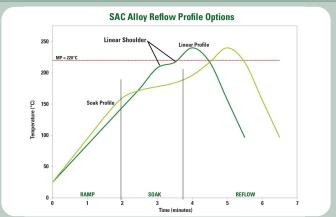
#### **Cleaning**

**Indium8.9HF1** is designed for no-clean applications; however, the flux can be removed, if necessary, by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

**Stencil Cleaning** is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available non-water-based stencil cleaners work well.

#### Reflow

#### **Recommended Profile:**



The stated profile recommendations apply to most Pb-free alloys in the SnAgCu (SAC) alloy system, including SAC305 (96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu). This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using **Indium8.9HF1** Solder Paste. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with the linear profile, then move to the optional soak profile, if needed. The flat soak portion of the linear profile (linear shoulder) may also be eliminated.

Reflow Profile Details	SAC305 Parameters		Comments	
henow Frome Details	Recommended	Acceptable	Comments	
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	1.0-1.5°C/second	0.5-2.5°C/second	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump	
Soak Zone Profile (optional)	20-60 seconds	30–120 seconds	May minimize BGA/CSP voiding Eliminating/reducing the soak zone may help to reduce	
	140-160°C	140-170°C	HIP and graping	
Time Above Liquidus (TAL)	45-60 seconds	30–100 seconds	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint As measured with thermocouple	
Peak Temperature	230-260°C	230-262°C		
Cooling Ramp Rate	2-6°C/second	0.5-6°C/second	Rapid cooling promotes fine-grain structure	
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N <sub>2</sub>		N <sub>2</sub> preferred for small components	

All parameters are for reference only.

Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

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