

## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

# Indium10.1HF Ultra-Low Voiding Pb-Free Solder Paste

### Introduction

**Indium10.1HF** is an air reflow, no-clean, halogen-free, Pb-free solder paste specifically formulated to have ultra-low voiding, especially for designs that incorporate large ground pads otherwise known as bottom termination components (BTCs). BTCs include packages such as QFNs, DPAKs, and MOSFETs. The flux chemistry is specifically engineered to improve reliability by minimizing voiding and maximizing ECM and head-in-pillow performance while also providing excellent wetting, solder beading, solder balling, and slump to meet IPC specifications. It is compatible with lead-free alloys such as SnAgCu, SnAg, and other alloy systems favored by the electronics industry.

### Features

- Ultra-low voiding, including bottom termination (BTC) assemblies
- Enhanced Electrical Reliability performance
- Outstanding solder beading, very low bridging, slump, solder balling, and head-in-pillow
- Excellent wetting to fresh and aged common metallizations and surface finishes, including, but not limited to:
  - OSP
  - Immersion Sn
  - Immersion Ag
  - ENIG
- Exceptional printing—high transfer efficiency and low variation
- Halogen-free per IEC 61249-2-21, test method EN14582

### Alloys

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of a variety of Pb-free alloys that cover a broad range of melting temperatures. Types 3 and 4 powders are standard offerings with Pb-free alloys. The metal percent is the weight percent of the solder powder in the solder paste and is dependent upon the powder type and application. Standard product offerings are detailed in the specifications table.

### Standard Product Specifications

Alloy	Metal Load
96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu	88.5–89% (Type 4)

### Complementary Products

- **Rework Flux:** TACFlux® 020B-RC
- **Cored Wire:** CW-807, Core 230-RC
- **Wave Flux:** WF-9945, WF-9958

### Storage and Handling Procedures

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life
<10°C	6 months
<25°C	7 days

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least 2 hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

### Packaging

**Indium10.1HF** is currently available in 500g jars or 600g cartridges. Alternate packaging options may be available upon request.

Industry Standard Test Results and Classification			
Flux Classification	ROLO	Typical Solder Paste Viscosity for SAC305 T4 (Poise)	1,600
Based on the testing required by IPC J-Standard-004B		Conforms with all requirements from IPC J-Standard-005A	
Halogen-free per IEC 61249-2-21, Test Method EN14582	<900ppm Cl <900ppm Br <1,500ppm Total		

*All information is for reference only.  
Not to be used as incoming product specifications.*

From One Engineer To Another®



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## Pb-Free Solder Paste

### Printing

#### Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components—A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The “home plate” design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components—A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process-dependent (5–15% is common).
- For optimum transfer efficiency and release of the solder paste from the stencil apertures, industry standard aperture and aspect ratios should be adhered to.

### Recommended Printer Operation

Solder Paste Bead Size	~20–25mm in diameter
Print Speed	25–150mm/second
Squeegee Pressure	0.018–0.027kg/mm of blade length
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 5 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length; 45 or 60° squeegees are typically used
Separation Speed	5–20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer’s specifications
Solder Paste Stencil Life	Up to 12 hours (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)

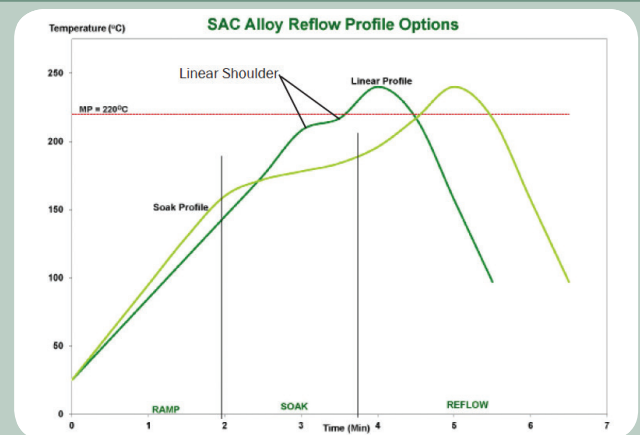
### Cleaning

Indium10.1HF is designed for no-clean applications; however, the flux can be removed, if necessary, by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

Stencil cleaning is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available non-water-based stencil cleaners work well.

### Reflow

#### Recommended Profile:



The stated profile recommendations apply to most Pb-free alloys in the SnAgCu (SAC) alloy system, including SAC305 (96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu). This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using Indium10.1HF solder paste. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with the linear profile, then move to the optional soak profile, if needed. The flat soak portion of the linear profile (linear shoulder) may also be eliminated.

Reflow Profile Details	SAC305 Parameters		Comments
	Recommended	Acceptable	
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	0.5–1°C/second	0.5–2.5°C/second	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump
Soak Zone Profile (optional)	30–90 seconds 160–180°C	30–120 seconds 150–200°C	May minimize BGA/CSP voiding
Time Above Liquidus (TAL)	45–60 seconds	30–100 seconds	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint
Peak Temperature	235–250°C	232–270°C	As measured with thermocouple
Cooling Ramp Rate	2–6°C/second	0.5–6°C/second	Rapid cooling promotes fine-grain structure
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N <sub>2</sub>		N <sub>2</sub> preferred for small components

All parameters are for reference only.  
Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

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